Preparation of Nanoplatelets Using Vacuum Roll Coating

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AIMCAL Fall Technical Conference 2008

500 nm

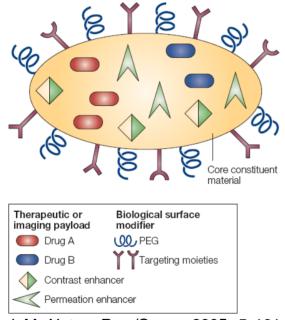
Funded by: National Institutes of Health & SwRI Internal R&D Program



Introduction: Nanoparticles

Promising application: Mulifunctional nanoparticles as "nanovectors" for drug delivery

Conventional:

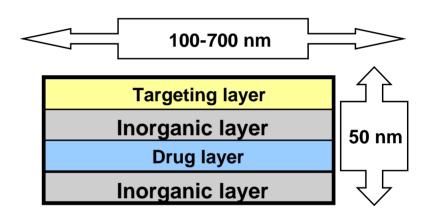


Ferrari, M. Nature Rev./Cancer 2005, 5, 161.

"Bottom up self-assembly process"

- Sol-gel processing
- Wet chemical precipitation
- Reverse micelles

Alternative:



"Top-down process"

- Planar substrate
- Layer-by-Layer (LbL) with roll-to-roll process
- Control of morphology
- Manufacturability

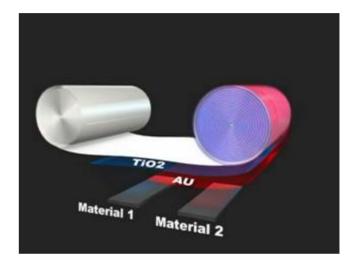


Introduction: Vacuum Roll Coating

• Roll-to-roll vacuum coating on moving plastic substrates is an industrially mature technology.

 Multilayer films deposited on release layers can be removed from the substrate to form free-standing planar platelets with very high aspect ratios.

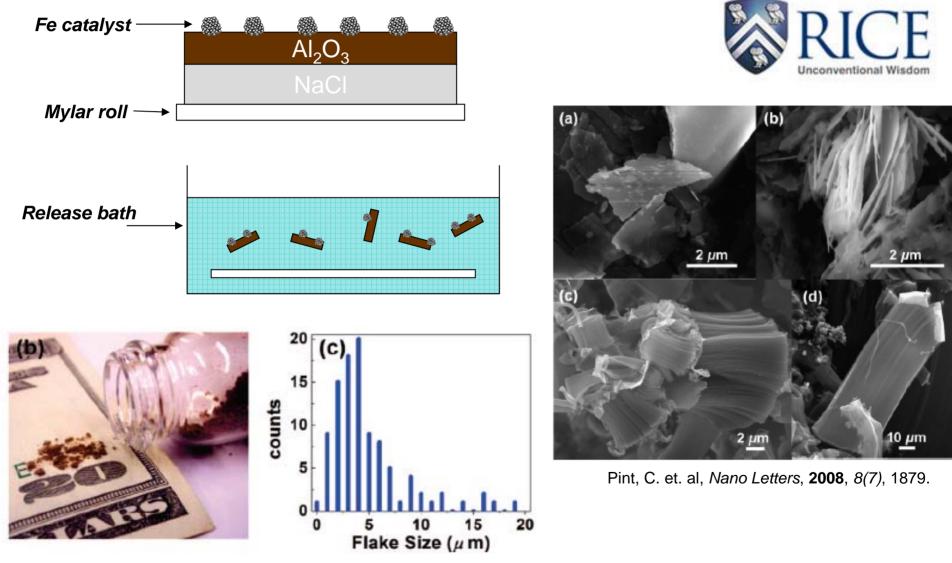








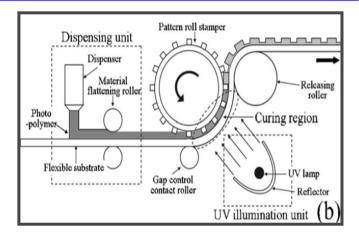
Introduction: Platelets for CNT Synthesis





Summary of nanoplatelet manufacturing process

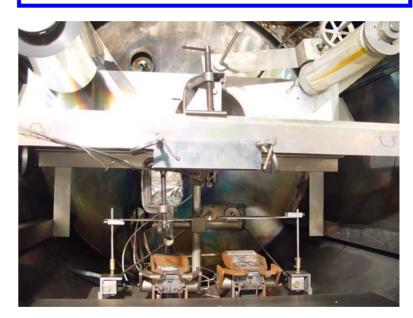
Step 1: Nanopatterning



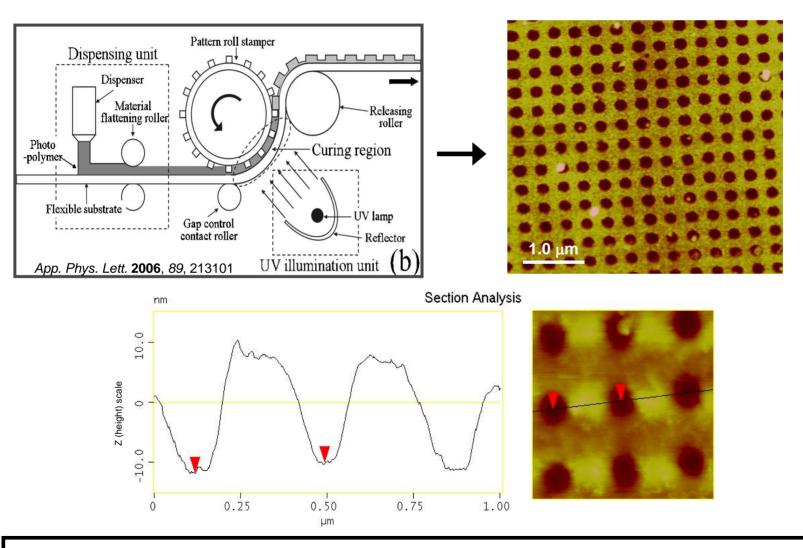
Step 3: Nanofragmentation



Step 2: Layer by Layer Coating



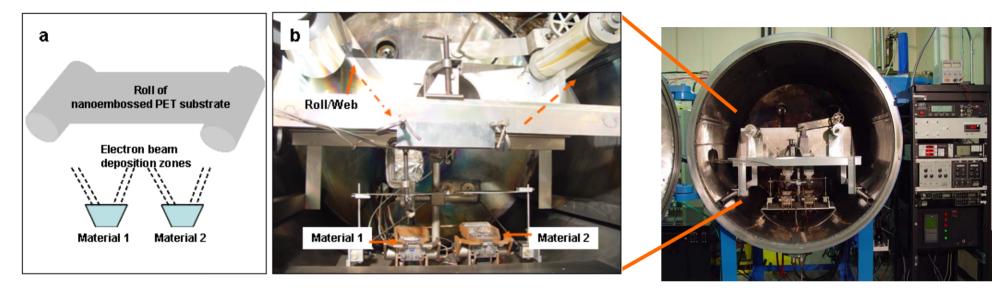


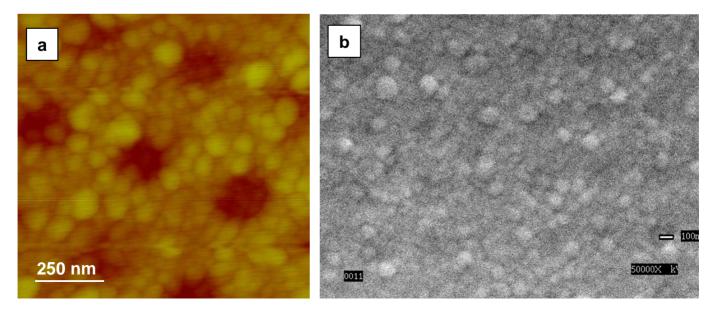


The pattern was replicated onto 10,000 linear feet that was 6" wide. Wavefront Technologies, Inc.



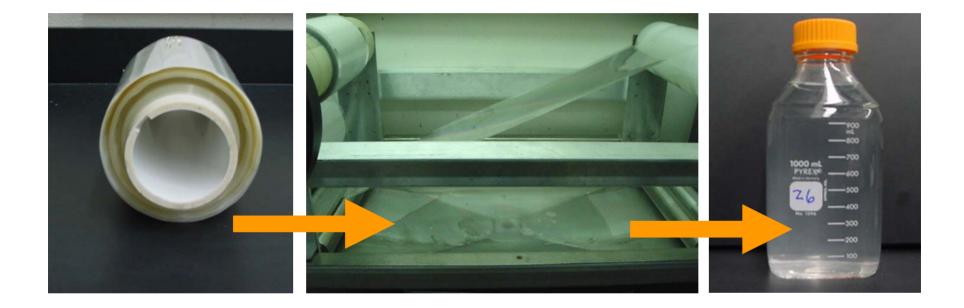
Step 2: Layer by layer coating







Step 3: Nanofragmentation



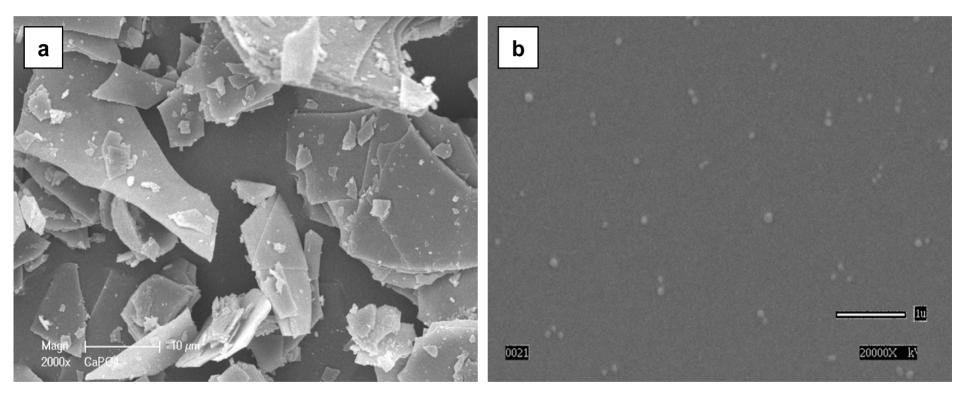
500 ft roll of nanopatterned PET with deposited films Roll handling mechanism and solvent pan used to pass roll through aqueous solution The resulting solution of nanoplatelets.



Characterization: Particle size distribution

Flat (no pattern) substrate

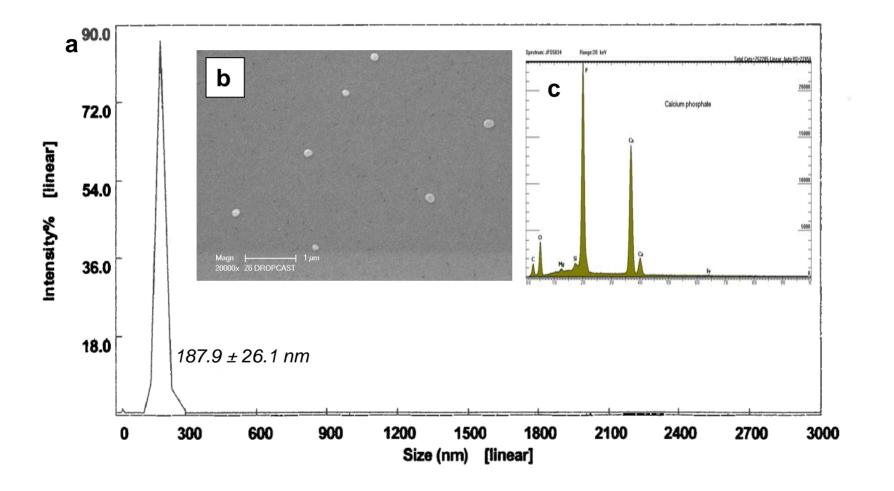
Nanopatterned substratec



Use of the nanopatterned substrate results in significantly narrowing the particle size distribution.



Characterization: Calcium phosphate





- Nanoplatelets have been successfully prepared by a top-down vacuum evaporation on a nanoembossed, moveable substrate.
- This method of manufacture has advantages of controlling the morphology (size and shape) and preparing appreciable quantities.
- Preparation on planar substrate is amenable to repetitive coatings in a layer by layer (LbL) method by functional agents using a roll-to-roll process.
- Further information can be found at
 - <u>www.swri.org</u> & <u>www.surfaceengineering.swri.org</u>

or

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